BHQT-802-IMMUNOBIOLOG 1. Introduction to the study of Immunology- History and scope of Immunology; Recognition of self and non-self; Types of immunity-Innate

IMMUNOTECHNOLOG

2. Cells and Tissues of the Immune System: cells of lymphoid and myeloid lineage, their development and role in immune response. Primary and secondary lymphoid tissues -structure and function in relation to the development of immune effector cells. Cellular traffic among immune organs during development Role of APCs.

3 Antigens and Immunogenicity. Nature and characteristics of Antigens, antigenic determinants, size of epitope, carrier effect, role of adjuvants

4. Humoral Immunity: Development of B cells: somatic hypermutation, Role of T cells in B cell development-affinity maturation , class switching, memory cell formation etc. Immunoglobulins- Types, subtypes and their structure.

5. Properties and functions of different classes of Immunoglobulins, immunoglobulins as Antigens; Theories of antibody formation; structural and Genetic basis of Antibody diversity.

6. Antigen- Antibody interaction: Primary and secondary reactions-methods for the detection of Ag-Ab reaction- Principle of RIA, ELISA. Principle and applications of techniques based on agglutination and precipitation-Bacterial agglutination, hae magglutination, passive haemagglutination, double immunodiffusion (DID), SRID, Immunoelectrophoresis, etc.

7. Complement and its role in Immune Responses- complement classes, activation of complement cascade by classical and alternate pathway, complement receptors and complement effector functions.

- 8. Cellular Immunity (CMI): Phagocytosis -role of macrophages, neutrophils, eosinophils; ADCC; T lymphocytes-MHC restriction, role of TH1 and TH2 subsets of helper T cells in immune response, mechnism of action of cytotoxic T lymphocytes(CTL), apoptosis. Regulatory role of cytokines released by macrophages and T helper cells.
- 9. Immunomodulation: Immune tolerance, Immunosuppression, and
- 10. Hypersensitivity-Type I, II, III &IV hypersensitivities; Autoimmune diseases.