BHARATHIDASAN UNIVERSITY, TIRUCHIRAPPALLI 620 024 M.A. HISTORY PROGRAMME – COURSE STRUCTURE UNDER CBCS

(applicable to the candidates admitted from the academic year 2008 - 2009 onwards)

Sem ester	Course	Course Title	Ins. Hrs / Week	Credit	Exam Hrs	Marks		Total
						Int.	Ext.	
I	Core Course – I (CC)	Indian Civilization and Culture, Pre History to 1206 A.D	6	5	3	25	75	100
	Core Course – II (CC)	Indian Civilization and Culture, 1206-1707A.D.	6	5	3	25	75	100
	Core Course – III (CC)	Colonialism and Nationalism in Modern India.	6	5	3	25	75	100
	Core Course – IV (CC)	Socio-Cultural History of Tamil Nadu from Sangam to Nayaks.	6	5	3	25	75	100
	Elective Course – I (EC)	India Since 1947 / Archives Keeping	6	5	3	25	75	100
II 	Core Course – V (CC)	History of Early Modern Europe, 1453 - 1789A.D	6	5	3	25	75	100
	Core Course – VI (CC)	History of Modern Europe, 1789- 1945 A.D	6	5	3	25	75	100
	Core Course – VII (CC)	Socio-Cultural History of Tamil Nadu 1800-1967 A.D.	6	5	3	25	75	100
	Core Course – VIII(CC)	International Relations Since 1945.	6	5	3	25	75	100
	Elective Course – II (EC)	India and Her Neighbours / Principles and Methods of Museology	6	4	3	25	75	100
III	Core Course – IX (CC)	History of Ideas	6	5	3	25	75	100
	Core Course – X (CC)	Historiography	6	5	3	25	75	100
	Core Course – XI (CC)	History of Science and Technology	6	5	4	25	75	100
	Core Course – XII (EC)	Environmental History	6	5	3	25	75	100
	Elective Course – III (EC)	Human Rights / Principles and Methods of Archaeology	6	5	3	25	75	100
IV	Core Course – XIII (CC)	Rise of Modern Asia and Africa	6	5	3	25	75	100
	Core Course – XV (CC)	Project Work Viva voce 20 marks Dissertation 80 marks	6	5	-	-	-	100
	Elective Course - IV (EC)	History of U.S.A. from Colonization to 1945 A.D/ Essay	6	5	3	25	75	100
			120	90				2000

CC1 INDIAN CIVILIZATION AND CULTURE [PRE HISTORY TO 1206 A.D]

Unit I. PRE-HISTORY AND PROTO-HISTORY OF INDIA:

Physical features of India; Effects of Geography on history.-Sources of the -Ancient Indian History-Pre-historic and proto-historic archaeology-Indus Valley-Beginning of Iron and the Transition to history.

Unit II. POLITICAL IDEAS AND INSTITUTIONS:

Approaches to the study of Polity-Origin of the State.-Vedic Assemblies-Oligarchies-Republic-Councillors and officials.-Post Vedic&Pre mauryan-The Saptanga theory of Kautilya.-Nandas-Mauryas;Patemal despotism-Asoka's welfare state. Kingship-Army-Judiciary, Interstate relations. Post Mauryan period;Satavahanas, Kushans and Guptas their Political Institutions.

Unit III. DEVELOPMENT OF INDIAN RELIGIONS:

Approaches to the Study of religions-Pre-historic religions: Religion of the Harappans.-Development of religious thought in Vedic and epic literature.-Religious ideas and practices in the 6th century B.C. Rise of Buddhism and Jainism.Bhagavathism-Growth of Saivism-Vaishnavism in gupta period.

Unit IV. SOCIO-ECONOMIC LIFE

Primitive man-Urban Harappa.-Society and Economy in the Early Vedic Period. Formation of Caste and classes in the Post Vedic Period.-Mauryan Economy -Post-Mauryan economy-Land system, Trade.-Position of women-Guilds and social change. Feudalism in the post Gupta period.

Unit V. ART AND EDUCATION

Primitive art-Terracottas-minor arts-mauryan art-Kushans, Gandhara, Mathura, Sarnath, Amravati and other schools-Gupta art-Vedic education and Educational Centres.Nalanda,Vikramashila University - Vallabi-Kanchipuram. Literature in Gupta period.

REFERENCES:

Basham, A.L. The wonder that was India, Newyork grow press 1954.

----- Aspects of Ancient Indian Culture. Delhi; Asia Publ.1970.

------ Studies in Indian History and culture.Culcutta,Sambodi 1914. Koasambi,D.D The culture and civilization of Ancient India: In Historical outline New Delhi;Vikas 1971.5^ Print.

Sharma,R.S. Meterial culture and social formation in Anciant India, MMac millan 1983.

------ Indian Feudalism, New Delhi orient longman 1978.

----- Gazetter.

+Majumdar R.C. (ed) History and culture of Indian people. Bombay;Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan 1960.Relevant Vol.

Thapar Romila.A. History of India Voll New Delhi orient Longman 1978. Nila Kanda Sastri.K.A: The Colas.South Indian History. Mittal . Socio-Cultural History of India.

CC2 - INDIAN CIVILIZATION AND CULTURE A.D. 1206-1707 .A.D.

Unit.I. Sources-documentary and Non-documentary, rends in medieval Indian historiography-History of India 1206-1540-Stages in the Formation of the new governing class;social composition, Barani's ideas of the ruling class.

The concept of sovereignty: the growth of centralized state polity; the political views of the Khaljis and the Tughluqs, Afghans-state and religion, the Ulema, influence of Ulema.

Rise of independent regional kingdoms in the Deccan (A.D. 1400-1526) relations with the Delhi.

Sultanate-the emergence of the Rajputs as a political force-Administration, Judiciary and military organization.

India of the first half of the sixteenth century assessment of Babur's Memoirs, polity, society, economy.

Political problems of Humayun: Afghan resistance, the role of Humayun's brothers in politics.

Unit II.

Sources-documentary and non-documentary (students are required to answer the question on the sources for history of this period); trends in medieval Indian historiography; Abul Fazal and Badaoni as a case study-The Second Afgan Empire, nature of the State, composition of the governing class, the Sur Administrative system.

Re-establishment and consolidation of the Mughal Empire.

Akbar's theory of Kingship: emancipation of the state from theological tutelage emergence of a non-sectarian state.

Akbar's relations with the Rajputs, themain determinants of his Rajput policy, its nature and resulte.

Akbar's religious concepts-Evolution of Din-illahi Akbar and the Jestice.

The Mughals and the North West Frontier, Mughal objectives and policy in relations to the Persians; conquest and integration of Sindh, Baluchistan, Kashmir and Kabul (Afghanistan)in the Mughal Empire.

The Mughal Empire and the Deccan; Main issues in the North-South relationship, Mughal, Objectives-their expansion into the Deccan-Assessment of Akbar's Deccan policy.

Mughal Administration, central structure provincial and local administration, army organization-Mansabdari system.

Unit III.

Sources-Documentary and non-documentary (students are required to answer the question on the sources of this period)

Religion and state: Orthodox Muslim opposition to Akbar's policies, revivalist movements. (specially the role of Mujaddid alf-I-sani) its impact on the reins of Jahangir and Shahjahan. Contest for the throne, issues involved, success of Aurangzeb and the failure of Mughal Deccan Policy.

Mughal-Maratha relations : The Maratha Administration nature of the state, social base of the Maratha State Administrative structure.

Revolts of the jats Satnamis, Sikhs and the Bundelas, nature of their challenge to the central authority.

The decline of the Mughal Empire.

Unit IV.

The growth of population.

The rural class structure and nature of land rights, village organization, iqtadars, the chieftains zamindars and jagirdars.

The land systems; social distribution of landed property, agrarian relations, the revenue and the tax structure.

The growth of the cities and towns; centers of large scale production, important ports. Inland and sea trade route.

Urban life, social and economic base, stratification within the Urban society, regional shifts. The debate on the nature of economy in medieval India.

Unit V

Religion and social dissent in Historical Perspective

Rise and Growth of non-conformist movements; Siddhas and Nathpanthis; social and religious practices.

Continuity and intensification of socio-religious movement : Kabir, Dadu, Raidas, Nanak, Namdev, Tulsidas, Mira, Surdas.

Sufisim and the development of languages, literature and popular culture. Interaction between Bhakti, Sufi and Yogic traditions.

Reference:

Cambridge Economic History of India Vol II.

Comprehensive History of India relevant

Vols.

Edwards, S.M. The History of India as Told by its Own Historians, 8Vols, London: Trubner,1877.

Habib. Irfan (ed) Researches in the History of India 1200-1750, Delhi:OUP,1992. Lane-pool. Babur. London, OUP,1899.

Majumdar,R.C.(ed) History and Culture of Indian People. Bombay; Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan,1960.Relevant Vol.

Moreland, W.H. From Akbar to Aurangzeb .Londan:Macmillan,1923.

Naqui,H.K. History of Mughal Government and Administration, Delhi: Kanishka,1990.

Ray,H.C. The Dynastic History of Northern India, Vol II New Delhi: Munshiram

Manoharlal, 1973.

Sharma,S.R. Mughal Empire in India Agra:Lakshmi Narain Agarwal,n,d. Srivastava, The Sultanate of Delhi [711-1526] Agra:Shiva Lal Agarwala,1976. ------, The Mughal Empire [1526-1803] A.D. Agra : Shiva Lal

Agarwala, 1976.

CC3 - COLONIALISM AND NATIONALISM IN MODERN INDIA

Unit I. Colonialism and Nationalism

Colonial Structrue: Colonial State - Stage of ColonialismMechanics of Imperial Legitimisation:Introduction and Nature of Popular Representation, 1858-1919.Extension of Popular Representation in Government 1919-1947.

Unit II. Early Nationalism And Agitational Politics:1799-1916

Poligar Mutiny in Tamil nadu 1799,1801. Vellore Mutiny in 1806- Revot of 1857- tribal movements—moplahs- Deccan Riots- Foundation of the Congress-Moderate Congress: Objectives and methods-phase of moderate politics-roots of extremism-Partition of Bengal-Boycott and Swadesi-National Education-Labour unrest-Hindu Muslim relations.

Emergence of communa politics-the shift to terrorism - Punjab - Tamil Nadu: the Chennai Jana Sangam-Swadeshi movement in Tamil Nadu-Role of Tamil Press- the Congress Split-repression conciliation Muslim League-Revolutionary Terrorism-Home Rule Agitation.

Unit III. Gandhian Era - Mass Nationalism 1917-1925

Impact of War - The Appeal of Gandhi - the Role of Rumour-Champaran, Kheda, Ahmedabad-Gandhi. Khilafat and the Congress-Pressure from belowthe all India Movement-Social composition-regional variations—No changes and Swarajists- Vikom-Constructive work-Swarajists Politics.

Unit IV. Nationalist Advances : 1928-1939.

Simon Commission and Nehru Report-Labour upsurge and the Peasant Movement - -From Dominian State to Purna Swaraj.

Unit V. Towards Freedom and Partition 1939-1947.

Congress and labour-Congress and Kisans-States people mevement-The Left in the Congress-The Tripuri Crisis 1939-1942. The Muslim League and Pakistan-Quit India-The advance of the League Azad Hind-Communists and people's War 1945-1946-INA Trials-RIN Mutiny-1946-Communal Holocaust-Calcutta Noakhali, Bihar, Punjab-Partition and Independence.

Reference:

Baker, Johnson, Seal.(eds.) Power, Profit and Politics: Essays on Imperialism, Nationalism and Change in 20th Century India, Cambridge, 1981.

Bamford,P.C. Histories of the Non-Co-Operation and Khilafat Movement. New delhi:Deep, 1974.Reprint.

Brown Judith. Gandhi's Rise to Power Indian Politics 1915-1922. Cambridge,

1972.

Chandra, Bipin. Nationalism and Colonialism in Modern India. New Delhi,1984.

----- . The Rise and Growth of Economic Nationalism in India. New Delhi,1966.

Desai, A.R. Social Background to Indian Nationalism. Delhi: Vikas, 1978.

Kumar, Kapil. Peasants in Revolt-Tenants Landlords Congress and the Raj in Oudh,1886-1922.New Delhi:Manohar,1984.

Kumar, Ravindra. Development of the Congress Constitution. New Delhi.1949.

----- . Essays on Gandhian Politics: The Rowlatt Satyagraha of 1919. Oxford, 1971.

Low.D.A.(ed). Congress and the Raj. L9ondan, 1977.

McLane J.R. Indian Nationalism and the Early Congress Princeton, 1977.

Mehrotra, S.R. TheEmergence of the Indian National Congress. Delhi,1971. ----- Towards India's Freedom and Partition.New Delhi,1979.

Majundar, R.C. (ed) History and Culture of Indian People. Bombay: Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan,1960. Relevant Vol.

Nanda, B.R. and V.C. Joshi. Studies in Modern Indian History, Bombay: Orient Longman, 1972.

Rajendran, N. Nationalist Movement in Tamil Nadu, 1905-

1914.Oup,1994. Seal,Anil. The Emergence of Indian Nationalism.

Cambridge, 1968. Sumit, Sarkar. Modern India 1885-1947. Delhi:

Macmillan,1983.

Tomilson, B.R. The Indian National Congress and the Raj 1929-1942. London:Macmillan,1976.

CC4 -SOCIO-CULTURAL HISTORY OF TAMIL NADU FROM SANGAM TO NAYAKS

Unit -I. Sources: Archaeology, Epigraphy, Literature and Numismatics [for the entire period]

Sangam and Post Sangam: Social institutions-customs and practise. Pallavas: Society, religion and Bhakthi Movement. Cholas and Pandyas: Society, Religion and the role of temples. Nayaks:Society and religion.

Unit—II. Pre-Sangam: Neolithic and Megalithic Economy-Agriculture and trade. Sangam Age: Agriculture and trade-Roman trade-industries-labour-revenue-coinage-urbanisation.

Unit—III. Pallavas and Pandyas: Land classification-ownership of landagriculture and crops-irrigation-trade and industries-revenue system-features of feudalism-coinage and urbanization.

Unit—IV. Cholas: Land System-Trade : inland and foreign-trade guildsmarkets-monetary system-coinage-features of feudalism-urbanisation.

Unit—V. Nayaks: Land System - Agriculture and Trade.

References:

Hall,Kenneth.R. Trade and Statecraft in the Age of the Cholas. New Delhi:1980. Mahalingam, T.V. Economic Life in the Vijayanagar Empire. Madras. Madras Uni.,1951.

------ ,South Indian Polity.Madras . Uni., of]Madras,1967.

------ , Kanchipuram in Early south Indian history. Madras: Asia Publ., 1969. Meenakshi, C. Administration and social life under the Pallavas.

Madras:Madras Uni.,1977.

Nilakanta Sastri, K.A. Social History of South India.Madras:OUP,1980.

------, The Colas.Madras: Mladras Uni., 1978.

Pillay,K.K. Social History of the Tamils. Madras:Madras Uni.,1975. Sathyanatha Aiyar,R. History of the Nayaks of Madura.Madras:OUP,1924. Shanmugam,P. The Revenue System Under the Cholas.Madras: New Era,1988. Srinivasa Iyengar,P.T. History of Tamils. Madras: C.Coomaraswamy and Sons,1929.

Srinivasan, K.R. Temples of South India. New Delhi: NBT,1995. Rew.Edi. Subbarayalu, Y. Political Geography of the chola country. Madras:Tamil Nadu State Department of Archaeology,1973.

Subramanian.N. Sangam Polity. Madras: Asia Publ.House, 1966.

Stein, Burton. Peasant State and Souciety in Medieval South India. Delhi:OUP,1994.

Zvelebil, Kamil. The Smile of Murugan. Leiden: E.J. Brill, 1973.

Paper Code –EC1.1 INDIA SINCE 1947

Polity I

I. Partition and its impact - The integration of Indian States - The role of Sardar Patel - Constituent Assembly and the making of the constitution -Reorganisation of states - Architects of Modern India: Jawaharlal Nehru, Lal Bahadur Sastri and Indira Gandhi-India's Foreign Policy.

Polity II

II.Emergency - General Elections of 1977 - J.Prakash Narayanan - Janata Government - the elections of 1980 - Coalition Politics and Governance – Movement towards state revolutionary: Tamil Nadu - Punjab - Kashmir - Assam Jharkhand - NEFA.

Economy

III.Five Year Planning - Panchayat Raj - Agrarian Reform- Industrial Development-Green Revolution - White Revolution - Rolling plan - New Economic Policy and Globalisation.

Society & Culture I

IV. Educational Policy in Freedom India - Literacy Movement - Formal and Non-Formal Education - Population Policy.

Society & Culture II

V.Socio - Political Scenario - Reservation Policy and Mandal Commission - Communalism, Secularism and national integration.

References:

Acharya, K.R. & et.al Perspectives on Indian Government and Politics, New Delhi: Chand & Co., 1993.

Basu, D.D. Contemporary on the Constitution of India. Vol.1&2., New Delhi: Tata-Mcgraw Hill, 1990.

Bose, D.M., S.N. Sen and B.V. Subbarayappa.eds. A Concise History of Science in India. New Delhi: Indian National Science Academy, reprint 1989.

Chandra, Bipan and et.al. Indian After Independence. New Delhi: Penguin, 1997. Saberwal, Satish, Roots of Crisis: Interpreting Contemporary Indian Society. New Delhi: Sage, 1996.

Thakur, Ramesh. The Government and Politics of India. Houndenville: Macmillan, 1995.

Venkatesan.G, Contemporary India, E&T.

Paper Code –EC1.2

ARCHIVES KEEPING

- I History of Archives Archives keeping Europe through the ages International Archives – Archives in India: Ancient, Medieval and Modern.
- II Creation of Archives: Establishment of registry Racking Shelves and other materials – Archives and Libraries - Organisation of Archives in India: Court Archives – Public Department – Revenue Department – Secret Department – Central Government Archives – Organisation of Archives in European Countries: France, England – Archives in U.S.A., Canada.
- III Preservation of Archives Methods of Preservation Preliminary and precautionary measures Preventive measures Factors of deterioration Atmospheric factors: Temperature, Humidity, Sunlight, Dust, Impurities, Micro-organisms and pest: Pests, Silver fish, Termites or White Ants, Wood Warm, other insects Methods of Preservation and repair of Archival material: Selection of
- **IV** Administration of Archives: National Archive Tamil Nadu Archive Functions of Archives - Uses of Archives.
- V National Archives: Its origin, growth and activities Tamilnadu Archives: Its origin, growth and activities - Private Archives: Definition – Difference between private and public archives – Categories of Private Archives – Nehru Memorial Museum – IUCIS, Hyderabad – Parry and Company, Chennai – Asiatic Society of Bengal – Bengal Club – Vishva Bharathi – Sringeri Mutt – Indo-Portuguese Archive, Goa – Arch Diocese of Madras – Archives of Shenbaganoor, Kodaikanal – Problem of private archives – National Registrar of Private Records.

References:

Baliga, B.S. Guide to the records preserved in the Madras Record Office.
Baliga, B.S. Guide to the Section presentation in the Modern Record Office, Report on the
Basu Purendu, Enemies of Records.
Dodwell, H., Early Records of British India.
Harinarayana, Science of Archives Keeping.

Jenkinson, Hilary, A manual of Archives Administration.

Jenkinson, Hilary, A Manual of Archives Keeping.

Macmillan, D.S. (ed.), Records Management. Madras Records

Mukherjee, B.B. Preservation of Library Materials, Archives and Documents.

Perti, R.K. Repair and Preservation of Records.

Public Record Office, London, A Guide to Departmental Record Officers.

- Ranbir Kishore and Mehra, CP. "Preservation and Repair of Palm leaf Manuscripts", *The Indian Archives*, Vol. XIV.
- S. Chockalingam, Role of the State Archives Administration.

Sailen Ghose, Archives in India.

Sarvaswaran, P. Archives Keeping.

Schellenberg, Modern Archives - Principle and Techniques.

Schellenberg, T.R. Modern Archives - Principles and Techniques.

Tolboys Wheeler, J. Archives Week Celebrations.

Vijayalakshmi, Archives Administration.

Semester -II Paper Code -CC5

HISTORY OF EARLY MODERN EUROPE, 1453-1789 A.D.

- I. Fall of Eastern Roman Empire-Ottoman Turks-Geographical Discoveries-Decline of feudalism-Beginning of Capitalism.
- II.Commercial Revolution in Western Europe -Mercantilism-Renaissance and

Reformation-Counter Reformation-Thirty Years War in Europe.

III.Emergence of the Nation States- The rise of new absolute monarchies -Loui's XIV -

IV. Growth of Parliamentary institutions in England.

V. The Age of Enlightement - The emergence of a scientific view of the

world.

REFERENCES:

Davis, H.A. Revised by D.H.C. Blount. (1968) An Outline History of the World. New Delhi:OUP.

London.

Ketelbey, C.D.M. (1973) A History of Modern Times [^om 1789] London: OUP, 5th edition.

Mckinley, Albert E., Arthur C. Howland & Matttew L. Dawn. (1994) World History Vol I & II .New Delhi: Atlantic Publishers. New Cambridge Modern History Vols. 9-12. (1970) Cambridge: Cambridge

University Press.

Swain, J.E. (1970) A History of World Civilization New Delhi: Eurasia Publishers, 2nd Reprint.

Thomson, David. (1966) Europe since Napolean. London: Penguin, Reprint.

Paper Code – CC6

HISTORY OF MODERN EUROPE, 1789-1945 A.D

- The French Revolution and Napoleonic Era (1789-1815). Their significance I. in World History- Vienna Congress, 1815- Revolutions of 1830 and 1840.
- II. Industrial Revolution-Stages of Industrial Revolution in Europe- Socialist and Labour Movements in Europe.
- III.Napoleon III~The Unification of Italy and the founding of the German Empire - The European powers and the Ottoman Empire (1815-1914).
- IV. The Russian Revolution, 1917 The First World War The Economic and Social impact of the War - The Peace of Paris, 1919- League of Nations--Collective Security.
- V. Great Depression of 1929-32. Totalitarianism in Europe:- Fascism in Italy, Nazism in Germany. Origins and impact of Second World War- UNO.

References:

Davis, H.A. Revised by D.H.C. Blount. (1968) An Outline History of the World. New Delhi:OUP.

Hobsbawm, E.J.(1977) The Age of Revolution, 1789-1848 .London. -------, The Age of Capital, 1848-1875. London.

-----, The Age of Empire, 1875-1914, London. -----, The Age of Extremes: The Short Twentieth Century, 1914-1991. London.

Ketelbey, C.D.M.(1973) A History of Modern Times [om 1789] London: OUP, 5th edition.

Mckinley, Albert E., Arthur C. Howland & Mattlew L. Dawn. (1994) World History Vol I & II. New Delhi: Atlantic Publishers.

New Cambridge Modern History Vols. 9-12.(1970)Cambridge: Cambridge

University Press. Swain, J.E. (1970) A History of World Civilization New Delhi:Eurasia Publishers, 2nd Reprint.

Thomson, David. (1966) Europe since Napolean. London: Penguin, Reprint.

Paper Code –CC7

SOCIO-CULTURAL HISTORY OF TAMIL NADU, 1800-1967 A.D.

Unit I

Sources : archival- institutional papers -Private papers-literature-folklorenewspapers and journals.

Social Conditions: Caste system origin and growth - Castes conflicts.

Family : Emigrations-Joint family-break up- position of women-sati-child maniage-devadasi

system-infanticide-changes in the 19th and 20th centuries.

Social beliefs and social practices: social ceionies- festivals-enteitainmentssuperstitions. Religion: Saivism: St.Ramalingar- Vaishnavism: the Schismvillage gods and deities -Christianity: Policy of the Company- growth and impact- Islam: growth and impact-Village Gods and deities.

Unit II.

Land systems: - Zamindari to Ryotwari-General economic conditions: agriculture and industry during colonial and post-colonial periods- Landlords-Peasants - small tenant-serfdom-trading classes. Rise of indigenous commercial Elite- the Dubashies.

Unit III.

Indigenous institutions of learning-Introduction of Western education-Missionary and Government education-Munro's Scheme of Education-Professional and Technical education-education of Depressed Classes-Muslim education - Female education- rise of Administrative Elite-Professional Elite.

Unit IV.

Modern socio-religious movements: Theosophical and Ramakrishna Mission. Radical social reform movements : Concept of Dravidian culture- Non-Brahmin Movement-Periyar E.V.R and Self-Respect Movement-Temple Entry Movement : Dalit Movement : Ayothidhasar-M.C.Raja-Erattamalai Srinivasan.

Unit V

Music: folk and classical- Tamil Literature: Subramania Bharathi-Bharathidasan-Namakkal Ramalingam Pillai-Kavimani Desika Vinayakam Pillai- Maraimalai Adigal-Film : impact on society and politics.

References:

Arnald, David, Police Power

Arasarathinam.R. Coramandel Trade in Coast. Sydney:Oxford

Baker, C.J.(1976)The Politics of South India 1920-1937, Cambridge.

------ . (1980) Tamil Countryside. OUP, New Delhi.

Beteille, A. (1965) Caste, Class and Power: Chancing patterns of Stratification in a

Thanjavur Village.Berkley. Beck, B.E.F. (1970) "The right-left Division of South

Indian Society", Journal of Asian Studies xxix:4. Geetha,V & S.V. Rajadurai, ^'Dalits and Non-Brahamin Consciousness in Tamil Nadu"

E.P.W. 25, Sept. 1993. Hardgrave, R. L (1965) The Dravidian Movement. Bombay. Irschick, E.F. (1969) Politics and Social Conflicts in South

India. Berkeley. ------ , Tamil Revivalism

Kumar D. (1965) Land and Caste in South India: Agricultural labour in the Madras

Presidency during Ninteenth century, Cambridge. Mcpherson, K. (1969) "The

Social Background and Poliitics of the Muslims of Tamil Nadu 1901-1937". Indian Social and Economic History Review. Vol.4. Mohan, P.E. (1993) Scheduled Castes: History of Elevation, Tamil Nadu, 1900-

19955.

Madras : New Era. Pillay, K.K. (1975) Social History of the Tamils.Uniersity of

Madras, Madras. Rajaraman, P. The Justice Party. Madras, 1985.

Rajendran, N. (1994) Agitational Politics and State Coercion, National Movement in

Movement in Tamil Nadu,1905-1914. Oxford University Press,Madras. Subramanian. N.,(1974) Tamilian Historiography.Eness Publications, Madurai. Subramanian. P.,(1995) Social History of the Tamils. B.I.Publications, New Delhi. Sundaralingam R. (1974)Politics and Nationalists Awakending in South India 1852-1891, Tucson, University of Arizona Press. Arizona. Siverberg, J. (ed). (1968)Social Mobility in the Caste system in India,The Hague Singer

Hague. Singer, M.D.John.B. (eds) (1968) The Structure and Change in Indian Society, Chicago. Viswanathan E.Sa. (1983) The Political Career of Ramaswami Naicker. Madras. Washbrook, D.A. (1977) The emergence of Provincial Politics: The Madras Presidency 1870-1920. New Delhi.

Nambi Arroran, Tamil Renaissance and Dravidian Nationalism. Thangavel G,

Paper Code – CC8

INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS SINCE 1945

I. Definition and scope - Theories of international Politics: the Realist Theory, Systems Theory, Decision Making-Game Theory.

II. Concepts of international Politics: Power - National interest - Balance of power -Collective Security: NATO,CENTO,Warsaw Pact, SEATO, ANZ US. Old and New Diplomacy-practice.

III. The (post-II World War) foreign policies of the major powers: United States, Soviet Union & Russia, China. India's foreign policy and relations; India and the super Powers-Oil Diplomacy, Palestine-Israel conflicts, India and her neighbors. West Asian conflict-Oil Diplomacy — Palest ion — Israel confides Arms race, disarmament and arms control: - the Partial Test-Ban Treaty; The Nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty (NPT);Comprehensive Test Ban Treaty [CTBT]- India's-Nuclear Policy — Terrorism its impact — Afghanistan , Iraq — US War.

IV.New International Economic order; GATT and its implications. The North-South "Dialogue" in the United Nations and Outside — Impact of Globalisation.

V.Origin and Development of International Organizations: The United Nations and

its Specialized Agencies; OAS, OAU, the Arab League, The ASEAN, the EEC, SAARC

their role in international relations.

References:

Asher, Robert E.(1957) United Nations and Promotion of the General Welfare, Washington.

Bhamdhari, C.P.(1977) Foreign Policy of India. New Delhi.

Brown, W.Norman (1963) The United Nations and India and Pakistan.

Carr. E.H.(1939) Britain: A Study of Foreign Policy from the Versailles Treaty to the

Outbreak of the War.

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Dutt, V.P. (1984) India's Foreign Policy. New Delhi: Vani Educational Books. Feller, A.H.(1952) United Nations and the World Community, Boston. Indumati, (ed.) (1995) The United Nations (1945-1995). Mysore: University of Mysore. McLellan, David S., William C. Olson and Fred A.Sondermann.(1977) The Theory and Practice of International Relations. New Delhi: Printice-Hall of India. Paranjpe, Shrikant. (1987) U S Nonproliferation Policy in Action: South Asia. New Delhi: Sterling. Priestly, Palmer and Perkins.(1969)International Relations. Calcutta .

Sprout, Harold and Margaret Sprout. (1964) Foundations of International Politics. New Delhi: Affiliated East West Press Pvt.Ltd.

Journals:

India Quarterly: A Journal of International Affairs (New Delhi: Indian Council of World Affairs).

International Studies (Quarterly) New Delhi: J.N.U.

Pacific Affairs: An International Review of Asia and the Pacific (Quarterly) Vancouver: University of British Colombia. World Focus. New Delhi.

Semester -II Paper Code –EC2.1

INDIA AND HER NEIGHBOURS

I The Sub- con continent of India - Determinants of India's foreign policy: Historical factors - Geographical factors - Economic factors-National Interest, Ideologies: World peace - Anti-colonialism - Anti-racism - Pancha Sheel -NAM.

II. India and Pakistan: India's relations with Pakistan - factors influencing Indo-Pak relations -Kashmir issue - The areas of conflict - crisis and cooperation-Nuclear race in the Indian sub- India and Bangaladoah.

III. India and China: Sino-Indian relations – Panchasheel Agreement -Chinese action in Tibet - Strains in Sino- Indian Relations - Normalisation process in the Sino- Indian Relations.

IV. India and Sri Lanka: Policy towards India-Ethnic Problem and its impact - IPKF. India and Nepal: Interaction between India and Nepal -Indo-Nepal economic co-operation. India's political and economic relations with Bangladesh, Bhutan, Maldives, Burma [Myanmar]; Cultural contacts.

V. India and the Non-Aligned Movement - its role in international relations - Indian Ocean being made a zone of peace - Problems and Prospects - SAARC and Co- operation in South Asia - Trade and economic development U.N. and India- Human Rights in South Asian Countries.

REFERENCES:

Agwani, M.S. South Asia, Stability & Regional Co-operation, New Delhi, 1983.

Frankel, Joseph, International Relations in the Changing World, New Delhi;Oxford, 1993.Gupta, BhabanI Sen, The fulcrum of Asia, Relations AmongChina, India, Pakistan and the U.S.S.R. New Delhi, 1988.

Hussain, T. Karki. *Sino-Indian Conflict and International Politics in the Indian Sub-Continent*, Haryana, Delhi, 1977.

Jha, Nalini Kant.ed., *India's Foreign Policy in a changing world*. New Delhi: South Asian Publishers, 2000. Rao, K.R. *India, United States and Pakistan: A Triangular Relationship*,

Bombay, 1995.

Shrivastava, K.M. *Non-Aligned Movement*, New Delhi and Beyond. New Delhi, 1984.

Farmer B.A., An introduction to South Asia, 1983

Semester -II Paper Code –EC2.2

PRINCIPLES AND METHODS OF MUSEOLOGY

- **I** Definition, Aim and Scope of Museology.
- II Different kinds of Museums Archaeological, Natural History, Industrial, Technological
- **III** Indian Legislative Measures relating to Museum Objects-Treasure trove act, ancient monuments and sites preservation act, Antiquities export control act, Antiquities registration act.
- **IV** Acquisition an display of objects Preparation of Cards, Registers and other documents.
- V Museum Organization and Management Security Measures and Upkeeps Preservation and Conservation of Museum Objects.

References:

Basu, J.N.: Indian Museums Movement. Gilman, B.I.: Museum Ideals, Purpose and Method. Markham, S.F.and Hargreaves : Museums of India. Murray, D. : Museums, Their History and Use (3 Vols.). Satya Prakash : Museum and Society. Grace Morley : Museum To-day. Sircar, H.: Museums in India.. Zahir, M.: Museum Management. Journal of Indian Museum-Vol.71 and relevant volumes. Anil Roy Choudhry : Art, Museum Documentation and Practical Training. Bowers, J. and Daifuker : Museums Techniques and Fundamental Education. Burns, N.J. : Field Manual for Museums. Dorothy, H. (et.al.): Museum Registration Methods. Howard Foster : Museum Security. Muscutt : Display Techniques. Satya Murthy & Ayyappan : Hand Book of Museum Techniques. Winstanley Barbara : Hand Book of Museum Curators. Gairola, T.R. : Hand Book of Chemical Conservation of Museum Objects.

Plenderleith, H.J. : Conservation of Antiquities and Works of Art.Archaeological Survey of India : Conservation Manual.UNESCO Publication : The Care of Paintings.Sugden, Robert : Care and Handling of Art Objects.Sathya Murthy : Preservation of Biological Specimen.Moss, A.A. : Hand Book of Museum Curators.

Semester -III Paper Code -CC9 **HISTORY OF IDEAS**

Unit I. - Causation in History - Crisis in History - Determinism in History .

Unit II- Positivism- Evolutionism- Dialectical Materialism — Historicism.

Unit III - Liberalism - Democracy - Nationalism - Socialism - Imperialism -International Peace - Ethics of Peace : Progress in the Modern Times.

Unit IV — Non-violence and Satyagraha- Communalism — Secularism.

Unit V - Modernism - Post Modernism - Structuralism - Post Structuralism -

Multi-Culturalism.

References:

Blackburn ,Robin (ed)., Ideology in Social Sciences (Fontana 1972) Bloch. Marc. The Historian's Craft (New York 1953) Carr, E.H. What is History (Harmondsworth 1977) Clark, S."The Annales Historians", in Q.Skinner ed., The Return of Grand Theory in the Human Sciences (Cambridge 1985)

Collingwood, R.G. The idea of History (Oxford 1977), Parts III, IV,

V. Kay, Harvey .The British Marxist Historians (Polity)

Marwick, Aurther (1984), The Nature of History, Hong Kong: Macmillan (Reprint) Topolski, Jerzy (1976) Methodology Of History, Holland: Reidal Publishing Co. Dictionary Of The History Of Ideas Vol.I, II & III, (New York Charles scribner's Sons).

Paper Code –CC10

HISTORIOGRAPHY

II.Traditions of Historical Writing-Interpretation and development of History through the ages.

III.Practitioners of History :

Greco-Roman : Herodotus, Thucydides. Ancient Indian : Banabhatta Theological interpretation : Thomas Aquinas Medieval Arab Historian : Ibn Kaldun Medieval India : Kalhana, Alberuni, Barani Modern Western Historians : Voltaire, Leopold Von Ranke, Hegel Imperialists : James Mill, Vincent Arthur Smith, Modern Indian Historians : K.P. Jayaswal, Jadunath Sarkar, R.C. Dutt, K.A.N. Sastri, K.K. Pillai.

IV. Approaches to History : British Marxists : E.P. Thompson, Eric Hobsbawm,

E.H.Carr.

Indian Marxists : D.D. Kosambi, Annales : Marc Bloch, Ferdinand Braudel. Cliometrics : R.W. Fogel. Modernism : Lewis Namier. Structuralism: Claude Levi-Strauss. Post-Modernism and Post-structuralism : Foucault, Jacques Derrida. Subaltern Studies : Ranajit Guha. Cambridge Historiography and their interpretation of Indian history.

V. Historian at Work: Selection of topic-review of literature-collection of data: Primary and Secondary - Internal and external criticism-chapterisationbibliography –footnotes -chart, tables and appendices-computation and quantitative analysis-presentation.

References:

Ali, Sheik.(1980) History: Its Theory and Methods. New Delhi: Macmillan.

Barzun, Jacques and Graff, Henry F. The Modern Researcher. San Diego: Harcourt Brace, 1985. Carr, E.H. What is History(Harmondsworth, 1977).

Clark, S. "The Annales Historians", in Q.Skinner ed., The Return of Grand Theory in the Human Sciences (Cambridge 1985).

Collingwood, R.G. The Idea of History (Oxford 1977), Pants III, IV, V Dictionary of the History of Ideas Vol.I II, III, New York; Charles Scribner's Sons Arvind Sharma (1993) Our Religions, New York: Harper Collins Floud, Roderick. (1983) An Introduction to Quantitative Methods for Historians. London: Methuen(R.P.) Guha, Ranajit (1994) Subaltern Studies Vol. I, IV and VI, Delhi: OUP

Hobsbawm, E.J. "Karl Marx's Contribution to Historiography in Ideology and Social Science" (Suffolk 1972).

Jones, R.G. "History the Poverty of Empiricism", in Robin Blackburn ed., Ideology in Social Science(Fontana 1972).

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Annales. Kay, Harvey. The British Marxist Historians

(Polity)

Ladurie, Le Roy. "The Event and the 'Long Term" on Social History", in the Territory of the Historian.

Manickam S.(1977) Theory of History & Method of Research, Paduman Pub., Madurai . Marwick, Aurther (1984), The Nature of History, Hong Kong:Macmillan (Reprint) Marc Bloch, The Historian's Craft (New York 1953) Maurice Aymard and Harbans Mukhia, eds., French Studies in History(New Delhi, 1988).

M.L.A. Hand Book for Researchers Thesis & Assignment Writing (1990) New Delhi: Willy Eastern.

Sen. S.P. Historians and Historiography. Calcutta: Institute of Historical Studies.1980. Stern, Fritz. (1973) Varities of History. New York: Vintage Books. Stone,Lawrence.(1983) The Past and the Present. Boston: Routledge & Kegan Paul. Topolski, Jerzy (1976) Methodology of History. Holland: Reidal Publishing Co. Watson, George (1987) Writing a thesis: A Guide to Long Essays and Dissertations, Longman, London.

Paper Code –CC11

HISTORY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

I. Science as an Institution: The Emergence and Character of Science - The Methods of Science— The Cumulative Tradition of Science — Science and the Means of Production – Natural Science as a Source of Ideas- Interactions of Science and Society.

II. Science in the Ancient World: Agriculture and Civilization: Civilization - The Techniques of Civilization - The Origin of Quantitative Science - The Legacy of Early Civilization - The Origins of Iron age Cultures - Early Greek Science -Rome and the Decadence of Classical Science - The Legacy of the Classical World -History of Science and Technology in Ancient India - Astronomy, Medicine and Metallurgy.

III.Science in the Age of Faith: Dogma and Science - Islamic Science - Medieval Science - The Revolutions in Science and Society - The Future of the Physical Sciences - Science and Ideas in an Age of Tranisition.

IV.The Birth of Modern Science: The Renaissance(1440-1540) - The New Philosophy -Science Comes of Age(1650-90) - The Character of Science in the Industrial Revolution -The Nineteenth- Century Advances of Science- The World's Need of Science.

V. Science in Colonial India: Colonial Science Policy - Science in Education - Indian response - Indian Advancement Science and Technology since 1947.

References:

Anthony H.D.,(1963) Science and its Background, Macmillan & Co.Ltd., London Arthur Eddington,(1947) New Pathways in Science, University Press, Cambridge Bernal J.D. (1969) Science in History Vol.I, Vol.II, Vol.III, Vol.IV. All India Peoples Net Work,New Delhi.

Baldwin (1986), Technology and Man, London.

Chant, Colin, John Fauvel (1980) eds., Darwin toEinstein Historical Studies on Science and Belief (New York,Longman).

Chattopadhyaya, Debiprasad (1991) History of Science and Technology in India, Firma KLM, Calcutta.

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Hamilton, B. (1983), Technology and Progress. London.

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Horrabin J.F, (1959), Science for the Citizen, George Allen & Unwin Ltd., London James R.Newman(ed),(1965), The International Encyclopedia of Science, Vols 1 to 4, Thomas Nelson & Sons ltd., Nairobi

Kalpana Rajaram (1993), Science and Technology in India, Spectrum India, New Delhi. Kumar, Deepak (1995) Science and the Raj, Oxford University Press, Delhi Lawrence M.Levin(ed), (1956) The Book of Popular Science, Vols 1 to 10, The Crolier Society INC, New York

Patrick Pringle,(1956), Great Discoveries in Modern Science, George H. Harrap & Co.Ltd., London .

Philip Lenard, Stafford Hateld H., Dac Andrade E.N. (1950), Great Men of Science, G.Bell and Sons Ltd., London.

Varghese Jeyaraj, S. (1997) History of Science and Technology, Anns Pub., Uthamapalayam. Whitehead A.N.,(1953) Science and the Modern World, University Press, Cambridge

Paper Code –CC12

ENVIRONMENTAL HISTORY [With reference to India]

- I: Definition Scope Eco-system Bondage between human civilization and Ecology, Nature's Balance, Preservation Environment and Culture Conservation Green House Effect Global warming Ozone Bio-diversity.
- II: Environment in the Indian Cultural Tradition Colonial environment policy : Forest Management.

III: Resistance to Forest Management: Kumaun and Garhwar's region - The Utar and forest Movements of 1921 - Social Protest in U.P., 1921-42 - Impact on Nationalism — Forest satyagraha — Karnataka.

IV: Environmental threats: Water Pollution - Air Pollution - Land Degradation - Hazardous Wastes - Industrial Pollution.

V: Environmental Movements — Chipko Movement — Protest against Narmada Project -Protective Measures - Govt.Legislations - Courts — Activists — Babha Amte - Metha Patkar .

References:

Armin Rosencrazz et.al., Environmental Law and Policy in India: Cases, Materials and Status, Bombay, Tripathi, 1991.

Chauhan I.S. and Arun Chauhan, Environmental Degradation: Rawat Pub., New Delhi, 1998

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Kamal Nath, India's Environmental Concerns, MEF, New Delhi, 1995.

K.C. Roy and Clement A. Tisdeli(Eds.), Economic Development and Environment: A Case Study of India, Oxford University of Press, Calcutta, 1992.

Krantadarshi Yuva Sanga, Chilika: The Voice of the People, Puri, 1992

Le Roy Ladurie, Emmanuel. Times of Feast, Times of Famine: A History of climate since the year 1000 (New York: Doubleday, 1971).

Madhav Gadgil and Ramachandra Guha, The Fissured Land:An Ecological History of India, Oxford, 1992

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Ramachandra Guha, The Unquiet Woods, OUP, Delhi, 1994

Srinivas, M.N. On Living in a Revolution and Other Essays (Delhi: OUP, 1992).

S.K. agarwal et.al.^ds.), Biodiversity and Environment, A.P.H. Pub., Corporation, New Delhi, 1996

Vandana Asthana, Politics of Environment, Ashish Pub., New Delhi, 1992 Vandana Shiva, Staying Alive, Zed Books, London, 1989 Vandana Shiva, Ecology and Politics of Survival, Sage Pub. 1990.

Victor Papanx, The Green Imperative: Practical Solutions for a Greener Planet: Ecology and Ethics, Thames and Hudson, London, 1996.

Paper Code –EC3.1

HUMAN RIGHTS

I. Definition of Human Rights- Theories on Human Rights- Historical Development of Human Rights- Nation Law and Nation Rights in ancient, medieval and modern periods.

II. The emergence of Human Rights on to the world stage- Human Rights and the

U.N.O- Universal Declaration of Human Rights- International Covenants on Civil and Political, Economic, social and cultural Rights- U.N. Human Rights Commission.

III.European Convention on Human Rights- Mexico Declaration on Human Rights-Helsinki Charter.

IV. India and Human Rights: Constitutional provisions- Evolution of Fundamental Rights during Freedom Struggle-Nature of Fundamental Rights-Directive Principles of State Policy-National Human Rights Commission- Main recommendations of the National Human Rights Commission — State Human Rights Commission.

V. Contemporary Human Rights Issues: Women's rights- children's rightsbonded labour- refugees- capital punishment.

References:

Andrews, J.A. & Hines, W.D. International Protection of Human Rights. London : Mansell Publishing Ltd.1987.

Carnston, Maurice, What are Human Rights ? London : The Bodlay Head Ltd,

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London : Croom Helm, 1985. Henkin, Lovis. The Rights of Man today. London

: Stevens & Sons, 1978. Jois, Rama. M.Human Rights and Indian values. Delhi

: NETE, 1997. Krishna Iyer, V.R. Human Rights And Law. Indore : Vedpal

Law House, 1984.

------, Human Rights - A— a Judge's Miscellany, Delhi : B.R.Publ.1995.

Nimal, C.J. ed., Human Rights in India : Historical, Social and Political Perspectives, New Delhi : OUP, 1999.

Pathak, R.S. ed., Human Rights in the Changing World, New Delhi : International Law Association, 1988.

Sivagami Paramasivam, Studies in Human Rights, Salem.2000.

Sen, Amartya. Development As Freedom. New Delhi: OUP,1999.

Schuster, Edward James, Human Rights Today : Evolution or Revolution, New York:Philosophical Library, 1981.

Subbian, A Human Rights Systems, New Delhi, 2000.

Paper Code –EC3.2

PRINCIPLES AND METHODS OF ARCHAEOLOGY

- **I** Definition, Aim and Scope of Archaeology Methods and Priciples
- II Exploration: Identification of Ancient Sites Nature of Ancient Sites Open Air Caves Mounds Burials
- **III** Excavation: Laying of the Trenches Digging and recording Stratigraphy Photography and Surveying Interpretation Publication
- IV Study of Antiquities Stone Bone Metals Pottery and others
- V Preservation: Antiquities Wood Bone Ivory Metal Stone Other objects Monuments Principles of Conservation.

References:

Atkinson, R.J.C. : Field Archaeology.
Wheeler, Sir Mortimer : Archaeology from the Earth.
Plenderleith, H. : Conservation of Antiquities and Works of Art.
Crawford, O.G.S. . : Archaeology in the Field.
Glynn Daniel : The Origin and Growth of Archaeology.
Raman,K.V. : Principles and Methods of Archaeology, Madras.
Padigar, S.V. : Puratatva Sastra Sodhane, Dharwad.

Semester -IV

Paper Code – CC13

RISE OF MODERN ASIA AND AFRICA

I. Colonialism in Asia and Africa in the 19th and 20th centuries-Indonesia, Indo-China and south Africa.

II. China : Opium wars - Tipping Rebellion, Boxer RebeUion-1911 Revolution- A decade of Transition - The May 4th Movement - Dr.Sun-Yat-Sen-KMT, CCP and the establishment of People's Republic of China.

III.Japan : Meiji revolution-Constitutional Change, Russo - Japan war 1904-05-First world war and Japan - Militarism in Japan -Second World War & Japan , Post Second World War upto 1955 A.D.

IV.Rise of Nationalist Movements - Impact of Indian Nationalism on Asia and Africa -Indonesia, Indo-China-Malaysia-Mayan mar-Awakening in the Arab world-Struggle for freedom and reform in Egypt-Emergence of modern Turkey under kamal Ataturk-The Rise of Arab Nationalism.

V. African Resurgence : Birth of Nationalism- Causes-case studies: Kenya, Zaire (Cango) Nigeria, Ghana, Zimbabwe (Rhodesia) south Africa. Decolonisation-Its impact on international relations.

References :

Davis, H.A.Revised by D.H.C. Blount. (1968) An Outline History of the world. New Delhi: OUP.

Garraty, J.A.P.Gay. (1985) The University History of the world, New Orchard Edition. Ketelbey, C.D.M. (1973) A History of Modern Times {from 1789} London: OUP, 5th Edition.

Lowe N. (1922) Mastering Modern world History, New Delhi: Macmillan India Ltd. Mckinley, Albert E., Arthur C. Howland & Mattew L. Dawn. (1994) World History Vol I & II. New Delhi: Atlantic Publishers.

Nanda S.P. (1998) History of Modern world, New Delhi: Anmol Publications.

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Press.

Roland Oliver & Anthony Atmore, (1994) Africa since 1800, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.

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Wels, H.G. (1996) A short History of the world, New Delhi: Atlantic Publ.

Paper Code –EC4.1

HISTORY OF U.S.A. FROM COLONISATION TO 1945 A.D.

- I European colonization of the Americas: Dutch, Spanish, English, French, Swedish, and Portuguese - Formation of the United States of America (1776-1789).
- II American revolution: colonial background; sources of conflict; revolutionary groups and ideological basis; and War of Independence its nature, significance and interpretations Making of the Constitution: issues and debates; and nature and significance Evolution of American democracy: Jeffersonianism and Jacksonianism; political parties, 1840 to 1860; role of judiciary; Monroe doctrine and Turner's thiesis of expansion of frontier; and limitations of the American democratic system Blacks and women.
- **III** Sectional conflict and Civil War: basis of conflict; plantation economy; slave

society and resistance; abolitionism and sectionalism; Civil War - issues and

interpretations; and Lincoln's role in the war and emancipation of slavery - Reconstruction: varieties - Presidential; Radical and Congressional plans; the

emergence of New South; and social tensions and reactions - Economic change: growth of capitalism and big business; labour movements - and unionization; changes in agriculture; and populism.

- IV Progressive era: Theodore Roosevelt; and Woodrow Wilson Emergence of USA as an imperial power: Monroe doctrine in practice; Spanish-American War; interests in the Far East and Latin America; and World War I and Fourteen Points.
- V America between the two World Wars: economic depression and the New Deal; Black and women's movements; emerging cultural and intellectual trends; and entry into World War II and its consequences.

References:

- Beard, Charles, An Economic Interpretation of the Constitution of the United States (Free Press, 1986).
- Boyer, Paul, Harvard Sitkoff, Nancy Woloch et.al.. *The Enduring Vision : A History of the American People, Vols 1 and 2.*
- Brown, Dee, An Indian History of the American West, Bury My Heart at Wounded Knee (WSP, 1984).
- Carnoll, Peter and David Noble, *Free and Unfree : A New History of the United States*.
- Faulkner, U., Economic History of the United States of America.
- Foner, Eric, America's Black Past.
- Franklin, John Hope, From Slavery to Freedom (Knopf, 1979).
- Grobb, Gerald N. and George A. Billias, *Interpretations of American History: Patterns and Perspectives*, 2 Vols (Free Press, 1987).
- Hicks, John D., The Federal Union: A History of USA Since 1865.
- Hofstadter, Richard, The Age of Reform, From Bryan to FDR (Random, 1960).
- Kaushik, R.P., Significant Themes in American History (Delhi, Ajanta, 1983).
- Kennedy, David M., Thomas Bailey and Mel Piehl, *The Brief American Pageant*. (Heath & Co., 1986).
- Kerber, Linda, Women's America: Refocusing the Past (OUP, 1987).
- Kristol, Irving, Gordon Wood et al., *America's Continuing Revolution* (Am. Enterprises, 1975).
- Nash, Gary, (ed). Retracing the Past (Harp C, 1985).
- Pratt, W., A History of the United States Foreign Policy.
- Randall, James, et. al.. The Civil War and Reconstruction (Health & Co. 1969).
- Sellers, Charles, Henry May and Neil Macmillan, A Synopsis of American History, 2 Vols (Delhi, Macmillan, 1990).
- Shihan, Donald, *The Making of American History : The Emergence of a Nation*, Vols I & II.
- Stamp, Kenneth, *The Peculiar Institution, Slavery in the Ante-bellum South*, (Random, 1989).
- Tripathi, Dwijendra and S.C. Tiwari, *Themes and Perspectives in American History*.
- Turner, Frederick Jackson, The Frontier in American History (Krieger, 1976).

Paper Code –EC4.2 ESSAY

- 1. Indian Cultural Heritage, Art & Architecture
- 2. Indian Education
- 3. Indian Constitution
- 4. Indian Economy: Agriculture and Industry
- 5. Indian Pluralism: Unity and Diversity
- 6. Sports and Games in India
- 7. Communal Harmony
- 8. Environmental Threats
- 9. Lessons of History
- 10. War and Peace: Role of World Organisations
- 11. Indian Music
- 12. Indian Dance
- 13. Indian Science and Technology
- 14. Sources for History
- 15. Indian Railways
- 16. Secularism
- 17. National Integration
- 18. Non-Violence
- 19. Human Rights
- 20. Current Issues

Reference:

Current Journals, Magazines, News papers and Books, Books of General Reading.

Note to Question Paper Setter. Number of essay questions will be 5. The candidate has to answer only one essay in not less than 3000 towards.. The question setter will select 60 percent i.e., 3 questions from the list of essays given in the Syllabus. Remaining 40 percent i.e., 2 questions will be from current affairs which are of current importance. - - -

BHARATHIDASAN UNIVERSITY TIRUCHIRAPPALLI CBCS M.A. History (for candidates 2008 onwards)

Semester -I

Paper Code –EC1.1 INDIA SINCE 1947

Polity I

I. Partition and its impact - The integration of Indian States - The role of Sardar Patel - Constituent Assembly and the making of the constitution -Reorganisation of states - Architects of Modern India: Jawaharlal Nehru, Lal Bahadur Sastri and Indira Gandhi-India's Foreign Policy.

Polity II

II.Emergency - General Elections of 1977 - J.Prakash Narayanan - Janata Government - the elections of 1980 - Coalition Politics and Governance – Movement towards state revolutionary: Tamil Nadu - Punjab - Kashmir - Assam Jharkhand - NEFA.

Economy

III.Five Year Planning - Panchayat Raj - Agrarian Reform- Industrial Development-Green Revolution - White Revolution - Rolling plan - New Economic Policy and Globalisation.

Society & Culture I

IV. Educational Policy in Freedom India - Literacy Movement - Formal and Non-Formal Education - Population Policy.

Society & Culture II

V.Socio - Political Scenario - Reservation Policy and Mandal Commission - Communalism, Secularism and national integration.

References:

Acharya, K.R. & et.al Perspectives on Indian Government and Politics, New Delhi: Chand & Co., 1993. Basu, D.D. Contemporary on the Constitution of India. Vol.1&2., New Delhi: Tata-Mcgraw Hill, 1990.

Bose, D.M., S.N. Sen and B.V. Subbarayappa.eds. A Concise History of Science in India. New Delhi: Indian National Science Academy, reprint 1989.

Chandra, Bipan and et.al. Indian After Independence. New Delhi: Penguin, 1997. Saberwal, Satish, Roots of Crisis: Interpreting Contemporary Indian Society. New Delhi: Sage, 1996.

Thakur, Ramesh. The Government and Politics of India. Houndenville: Macmillan, 1995.

Venkatesan.G, Contemporary India, E&T.

BHARATHIDASAN UNIVERSITY TIRUCHIRAPPALLI CBCS M.A. History (for candidates 2008 onwards)

Semester -I Paper Code –EC1.2

ARCHIVES KEEPING

- I History of Archives Archives keeping Europe through the ages International Archives – Archives in India: Ancient, Medieval and Modern.
- II Creation of Archives: Establishment of registry Racking Shelves and other materials – Archives and Libraries - Organisation of Archives in India: Court Archives – Public Department – Revenue Department – Secret Department – Central Government Archives – Organisation of Archives in European Countries: France, England – Archives in U.S.A., Canada.
- III Preservation of Archives Methods of Preservation Preliminary and precautionary measures Preventive measures Factors of deterioration Atmospheric factors: Temperature, Humidity, Sunlight, Dust, Impurities, Micro-organisms and pest: Pests, Silver fish, Termites or White Ants, Wood Warm, other insects Methods of Preservation and repair of Archival material: Selection of
- **IV** Administration of Archives: National Archive Tamil Nadu Archive Functions of Archives - Uses of Archives.
- V National Archives: Its origin, growth and activities Tamilnadu Archives: Its origin, growth and activities - Private Archives: Definition –

Difference between private and public archives – Categories of Private Archives – Nehru Memorial Museum – IUCIS, Hyderabad – Parry and Company, Chennai – Asiatic Society of Bengal – Bengal Club – Vishva Bharathi – Sringeri Mutt – Indo-Portuguese Archive, Goa – Arch Diocese of Madras – Archives of Shenbaganoor, Kodaikanal – Problem of private archives – National Registrar of Private Records.

References:

Baliga, B.S. *Guide to the records preserved in the Madras Record Office.* Baliga, B.S. *Guide to the Section presentation in the Modern Record Office*,

Report on the

Basu Purendu, Enemies of Records.

Dodwell, H., Early Records of British India.

Harinarayana, Science of Archives Keeping.

Jenkinson, Hilary, A manual of Archives Administration.

Jenkinson, Hilary, A Manual of Archives Keeping.

Macmillan, D.S. (ed.), Records Management. Madras Records

Mukherjee, B.B. Preservation of Library Materials, Archives and Documents.

Perti, R.K. Repair and Preservation of Records.

Public Record Office, London, A Guide to Departmental Record Officers.

Ranbir Kishore and Mehra, CP. "Preservation and Repair of Palm leaf Manuscripts", *The Indian Archives*, Vol. XIV.

S. Chockalingam, Role of the State Archives Administration.

Sailen Ghose, Archives in India.

Sarvaswaran, P. Archives Keeping.

Schellenberg, Modern Archives - Principle and Techniques.

Schellenberg, T.R. Modern Archives - Principles and Techniques.

Tolboys Wheeler, J. Archives Week Celebrations.

Vijayalakshmi, Archives Administration.

BHARATHIDASAN UNIVERSITY TIRUCHIRAPPALLI CBCS M.A. History (for candidates 2008 onwards) Semester -II Paper Code –EC2.1

INDIA AND HER NEIGHBOURS

I The Sub- con continent of India - Determinants of India's foreign policy: Historical factors - Geographical factors -Economic factors-National Interest, Ideologies: World peace - Anti-colonialism - Anti-racism - Pancha Sheel -NAM.

II. India and Pakistan: India's relations with Pakistan - factors influencing Indo-Pak relations -Kashmir issue - The areas of conflict - crisis and cooperation-Nuclear race in the Indian sub- India and Bangaladoah.

III. India and China: Sino-Indian relations – Panchasheel Agreement -Chinese action in Tibet - Strains in Sino- Indian Relations - Normalisation process in the Sino- Indian Relations.

IV. India and Sri Lanka: Policy towards India-Ethnic Problem and its impact - IPKF. India and Nepal: Interaction between India and Nepal -Indo-Nepal economic co-operation. India's political and economic relations with Bangladesh, Bhutan, Maldives, Burma [Myanmar]; Cultural contacts. V. India and the Non-Aligned Movement - its role in international relations - Indian Ocean being made a zone of peace - Problems and Prospects - SAARC and Co- operation in South Asia - Trade and economic development U.N. and India- Human Rights in South Asian Countries.

REFERENCES:

Agwani, M.S. South Asia, Stability & Regional Co-operation, New Delhi, 1983.

Frankel, Joseph, *International Relations in the Changing World*, New Delhi; Oxford, 1993.

Gupta, BhabanI Sen, *The fulcrum of Asia, Relations Among China, India, Pakistan and the U.S.S.R.* New Delhi, 1988.

Hussain, T. Karki. *Sino-Indian Conflict and International Politics in the Indian Sub-Continent*, Haryana, Delhi, 1977.

Jha, Nalini Kant.ed., *India's Foreign Policy in a changing world*. New Delhi: South Asian Publishers, 2000.Rao, K.R. *India, United States and Pakistan: A Triangular Relationship*, Bombay, 1995.

Shrivastava, K.M. *Non-Aligned Movement*, New Delhi and Beyond. New Delhi, 1984.

Farmer B.A., An introduction to South Asia, 1983

BHARATHIDASAN UNIVERSITY TIRUCHIRAPPALLI CBCS M.A. History (for candidates 2008 onwards) Semester -II Paper Code –EC2.2

PRINCIPLES AND METHODS OF MUSEOLOGY

- **I** Definition, Aim and Scope of Museology.
- II Different kinds of Museums Archaeological, Natural History, Industrial, Technological
- **III** Indian Legislative Measures relating to Museum Objects-Treasure trove act, ancient monuments and sites preservation act, Antiquities export control act, Antiquities registration act.
- **IV** Acquisition an display of objects Preparation of Cards, Registers and other documents.
- V Museum Organization and Management Security Measures and Upkeeps Preservation and Conservation of Museum Objects.

References:

Basu, J.N.: Indian Museums Movement. Gilman, B.I.: Museum Ideals, Purpose and Method. Markham, S.F.and Hargreaves : Museums of India. Murray, D. : Museums, Their History and Use (3 Vols.). Satya Prakash : Museum and Society. Grace Morley : Museum To-day. Sircar, H.: Museums in India.. Zahir, M.: Museum Management. Journal of Indian Museum-Vol.71 and relevant volumes. Anil Roy Choudhry : Art, Museum Documentation and Practical Training. Bowers, J. and Daifuker : Museums Techniques and Fundamental Education. Burns, N.J. : Field Manual for Museums. Dorothy, H. (et.al.): Museum Registration Methods. Howard Foster : Museum Security. Muscutt : Display Techniques. Satya Murthy & Ayyappan : Hand Book of Museum Techniques. Winstanley Barbara : Hand Book of Museum Curators. Gairola, T.R. : Hand Book of Chemical Conservation of Museum Objects. Plenderleith, H.J.: Conservation of Antiquities and Works of Art. Archaeological Survey of India : Conservation Manual. **UNESCO** Publication : The Care of Paintings. Sugden, Robert : Care and Handling of Art Objects. Sathya Murthy : Preservation of Biological Specimen.

Moss, A.A.: Hand Book of Museum Curators.

BHARATHIDASAN UNIVERSITY TIRUCHIRAPPALLI CBCS M.A. History (for candidates 2008 onwards) Semester -III Paper Code –EC3.1

HUMAN RIGHTS

I. Definition of Human Rights- Theories on Human Rights- Historical Development of Human Rights- Nation Law and Nation Rights in ancient, medieval and modern periods.

II. The emergence of Human Rights on to the world stage- Human Rights and the

U.N.O- Universal Declaration of Human Rights- International Covenants on Civil and Political, Economic, social and cultural Rights- U.N. Human Rights Commission.

VI. European Convention on Human Rights- Mexico Declaration on Human Rights-Helsinki Charter.

VII.India and Human Rights: Constitutional provisions- Evolution of Fundamental Rights during Freedom Struggle-Nature of Fundamental Rights-Directive Principles of State Policy-National Human Rights Commission- Main recommendations of the National Human Rights Commission — State Human Rights Commission.

VIII.Contemporary Human Rights Issues: Women's rights- children's rightsbonded labour- refugees- capital punishment.

References:

Andrews, J.A. & Hines, W.D. International Protection of Human Rights. London : Mansell Publishing Ltd.1987.

Carnston, Maurice, What are Human Rights ? London : The Bodlay Head Ltd,

1973. Desai, A.R. ed. Violations of Democratic Rights in India, Bombay :

Popular Prakashan, 1986. Donnelly, Jack. The Concept of Human Rights.

London : Croom Helm, 1985. Henkin, Lovis. The Rights of Man today. London

: Stevens & Sons, 1978. Jois, Rama. M.Human Rights and Indian values. Delhi

: NETE, 1997. Krishna Iyer, V.R. Human Rights And Law. Indore : Vedpal

Law House,1984.

------ , Human Rights - A— a Judge's Miscellany, Delhi : B.R.Publ.1995.

Nimal, C.J. ed., Human Rights in India : Historical, Social and Political Perspectives, New Delhi : OUP, 1999.

Pathak, R.S. ed., Human Rights in the Changing World, New Delhi : International Law Association, 1988.

Sivagami Paramasivam, Studies in Human Rights, Salem.2000.

Sen, Amartya. Development As Freedom. New Delhi: OUP,1999.

Schuster, Edward James, Human Rights Today : Evolution or Revolution, New York:Philosophical Library, 1981.

Subbian, A Human Rights Systems, New Delhi, 2000.

BHARATHIDASAN UNIVERSITY TIRUCHIRAPPALLI CBCS M.A. History (for candidates 2008 onwards) Semester -III Paper Code –EC3.2

PRINCIPLES AND METHODS OF ARCHAEOLOGY

- I Definition, Aim and Scope of Archaeology Methods and Priciples
- II Exploration: Identification of Ancient Sites Nature of Ancient Sites Open Air Caves Mounds Burials
- **III** Excavation: Laying of the Trenches Digging and recording Stratigraphy Photography and Surveying Interpretation Publication
- IV Study of Antiquities Stone Bone Metals Pottery and others

V Preservation: Antiquities – Wood – Bone – Ivory – Metal – Stone - Other objects – Monuments - Principles of Conservation.

References:

Atkinson, R.J.C. : Field Archaeology. Wheeler, Sir Mortimer : Archaeology from the Earth. Plenderleith, H. : Conservation of Antiquities and Works of Art. Crawford, O.G.S. . : Archaeology in the Field. Glynn Daniel : The Origin and Growth of Archaeology. Raman,K.V. : Principles and Methods of Archaeology, Madras. Padigar, S.V. : Puratatva Sastra Sodhane, Dharwad.

BHARATHIDASAN UNIVERSITY TIRUCHIRAPPALLI CBCS M.A. History (for candidates 2008 onwards) Semester -IV Paper Code –EC4.1

HISTORY OF U.S.A. FROM COLONISATION TO 1945 A.D.

- I European colonization of the Americas: Dutch, Spanish, English, French, Swedish, and Portuguese - Formation of the United States of America (1776-1789).
- II American revolution: colonial background; sources of conflict; revolutionary groups and ideological basis; and War of Independence - its nature, significance and interpretations - Making of the Constitution: issues and debates; and nature and significance - Evolution of American democracy: Jeffersonianism and Jacksonianism; political parties, 1840 to 1860; role

of judiciary; Monroe doctrine and Turner's thiesis of expansion of frontier; and limitations of the American democratic system - Blacks and women.

III Sectional conflict and Civil War: basis of conflict; plantation economy; slave society and resistance; abolitionism and sectionalism; Civil War - issues and interpretations; and Lincoln's role in the war and emancipation of slavery

- Reconstruction: varieties - Presidential; Radical and Congressional plans; the

emergence of New South; and social tensions and reactions - Economic change: growth of capitalism and big business; labour movements - and unionization; changes in agriculture; and populism.

- IV Progressive era: Theodore Roosevelt; and Woodrow Wilson Emergence of USA as an imperial power: Monroe doctrine in practice; Spanish-American War; interests in the Far East and Latin America; and World War I and Fourteen Points.
- V America between the two World Wars: economic depression and the New Deal; Black and women's movements; emerging cultural and intellectual trends; and entry into World War II and its consequences.

References:

- Beard, Charles, An Economic Interpretation of the Constitution of the United States (Free Press, 1986).
- Boyer, Paul, Harvard Sitkoff, Nancy Woloch et.al.. *The Enduring Vision : A History of the American People, Vols 1 and 2.*
- Brown, Dee, An Indian History of the American West, Bury My Heart at Wounded Knee (WSP, 1984).
- Carnoll, Peter and David Noble, *Free and Unfree : A New History of the United States*.

Faulkner, U., Economic History of the United States of America.

Foner, Eric, America's Black Past.

Franklin, John Hope, From Slavery to Freedom (Knopf, 1979).

Grobb, Gerald N. and George A. Billias, *Interpretations of American History: Patterns and Perspectives, 2 Vols* (Free Press, 1987).

Hicks, John D., The Federal Union: A History of USA Since 1865.

Hofstadter, Richard, The Age of Reform, From Bryan to FDR (Random, 1960).

Kaushik, R.P., Significant Themes in American History (Delhi, Ajanta, 1983).

- Kennedy, David M., Thomas Bailey and Mel Piehl, *The Brief American Pageant*. (Heath & Co., 1986).
- Kerber, Linda, Women's America: Refocusing the Past (OUP, 1987).
- Kristol, Irving, Gordon Wood et al., *America's Continuing Revolution* (Am. Enterprises, 1975).
- Nash, Gary, (ed). Retracing the Past (Harp C, 1985).
- Pratt, W., A History of the United States Foreign Policy.
- Randall, James, et. al.. The Civil War and Reconstruction (Health & Co. 1969).
- Sellers, Charles, Henry May and Neil Macmillan, A Synopsis of American History, 2 Vols (Delhi, Macmillan, 1990).
- Shihan, Donald, *The Making of American History : The Emergence of a Nation*, Vols I & II.
- Stamp, Kenneth, *The Peculiar Institution, Slavery in the Ante-bellum South*, (Random, 1989).
- Tripathi, Dwijendra and S.C. Tiwari, *Themes and Perspectives in American History*.
- Turner, Frederick Jackson, The Frontier in American History (Krieger, 1976).

BHARATHIDASAN UNIVERSITY TIRUCHIRAPPALLI CBCS M.A. History (for candidates 2008 onwards) Semester -IV Paper Code –EC4.2

ESSAY

- 1. Indian Cultural Heritage, Art & Architecture
- 2. Indian Education
- 3. Indian Constitution
- 4. Indian Economy: Agriculture and Industry
- 5. Indian Pluralism: Unity and Diversity
- 6. Sports and Games in India
- 7. Communal Harmony
- 8. Environmental Threats
- 9. Lessons of History
- 10. War and Peace: Role of World Organisations
- 11. Indian Music
- 12. Indian Dance
- 13. Indian Science and Technology
- 14. Sources for History
- 15. Indian Railways
- 16. Secularism
- 17. National Integration
- 18. Non-Violence
- 19. Human Rights
- 20. Current Issues

Reference:

Current Journals, Magazines, News papers and Books, Books of General Reading.

Note to Question Paper Setter.

Number of essay questions will be 5.

The candidate has to answer only one essay in not less than 3000 towards..

The question setter will select 60 percent i.e., 3 questions from the list of essays given in the Syllabus.

Remaining 40 percent i.e., 2 questions will be from current affairs which are of current importance.

PROJECT WORK

Project work: 75 marks

Viva-Voce: 25 marks

Course

- CC1 Indian Civilization and Culture, Pre History to 1206 A.D.
- CC2 Indian Civilization and Culture, 1206-1707A.D.
- CC3 Colonialism and Nationalism in Modern India.
- CC4 Socio-Cultural History of Tamil Nadu From Sangam to Nayaks.
- EC1 India Since 1947 / Archives Keeping
- CC5 History of Early Modern Europe, 1453-1789A.D
- CC6 History of Modern Europe, 1789-1945 A.D
- CC7 Socio-Cultural History of Tamil Nadu 1800-1967 A.D.
- CC8 International Relations Since 1945
- EC2 India and Her Neighbours / Principles and Methods of Museology

CC9 - History of Ideas

CC10 - Historiography

- CC11 History of Science and Technology
- CC12 Environmental History
- EC3 Human Rights / Principles and Methods of Archaeology

CC13 - Rise of Modern Asia and Africa EC4/History of U.S.A. From Colonisation to 1945 A.D/ Essay

Project Work

Total