

BHARATHIDASAN UNIVERSITY, TIRUCHIRAPPALLI – 620 024.

Bachelor of Library & Information Science - Course Structure

Eligibility: Any UG Degree

Course Duration one year – Non Semester Pattern

Passing Minimum: Internal Assignment and University Examinations – 50

(Applicable to the candidates admitted from the academic year 2011 - 2012 onwards)

Sl. No.	Title of the paper	Exam Hrs	Marks		Total
			Int.	Extn.	Total
1.	Foundations of Library and Information Science	3	25	75	100
2.	Knowledge Organization	3	25	75	100
3.	Information Resources	3	25	75	100
4.	Management of Library and Information Centers	3	25	75	100
5.	Information Systems and Service	3	25	75	100
6.	Information Technology : Basics	3	25	75	100
7.	Knowledge Organization – I Classification Practice	3	25	75	100
8.	Knowledge Organization Practice – II Cataloguing	3	25	75	100

Course –1.1 FOUNDATIONS OF LIBRARY AND INFORMATION SCIENCE

Objectives:

- 1. To enable the students to understand the concept of information and its characteristics.
- 2. To enable the students to understand the Communication Channels and barriers of communication.
- 3. To enable the students to understand the concept of information science as a discipline.
- 4. To enable the students to understand the importance of information in the context of social, political, cultural, economical and industrial environments.

Unit -I

Information: Definition: data, knowledge and information, characteristics of information; various patterns & models of information – factors influencing growth of information, information transfer cycle; Impact of socio-economic changes

Unit -II

Communication: Concept, definition, theories & models, channel of communication: Barriers of communication.

Unit - III

Library: Types, Five Laws of Library Science and their implications; Professional ethics of librarian; Role of Professional associations and their roles: National and International Associations – ILA, IASLIC, IATLIS, IFLA, ALA

Unit-IV

Library movement & Legislation in India- Model Library Bill, Delivery of books and newspaper act – Intellectual Property Rights – Information policy, Right to Information, Knowledge Commission.

Unit - V

Promoters of Library and Information Services – UNESCO, RRRLF, – Evolution, growth and development of LIS Schools in India – Current Trends.

- 1. Khanna, J.K. Library and Society. Kurushektra: Research Publication, 1987
- 2. Atherton, Pauline. Handbook of Information, system and services. Paris: UNESCO, 1977.
- 3. Benge, R.C. Libraries and cultural change. London: Clive Bingley, 1983.
- 4. Gravey, William. D. Communication: Essence of Science facilitating information exchange among libraries, Scientists, Engineers and students. Oxford: Perganton Press, 1979
- 5. McGarry, Kevin. Communication, Knowledge and Libraries. London: Clive Bingley, 1981.
- 6. Ranganathan, S.R. Five Laws of library science. London: Vikas, 1957.

Course - 1.2 Knowledge Organization

Objectives:

- 1. To enable students to understand the concept of knowledge organization.
- 2. To know the basic concepts of Knowledge Organisation.
- 3. To understand the importance of various IPR systems and techniques
- 4. To enable students to asquint with different classification schemes, cataloguing codes and to know various standard bibliographic formats.

Unit - I

Universe of Subjects and Knowledge Organization; Modes of formation of subjects

Unit – II

Basic principles of classification - idea, verbal & notation planes; Facet analysis. An overview of Library classification schemes CC, UDC, LC & DDC

Unit-III

Cataloguing: Purpose, structure, Physical and Inner Forms including OPAC –Normative principles, Canons & Laws; Standard codes of Cataloguing – AACR II.

Unit - IV

Subject cataloguing – subject heading lists; LCSH and sears List thesaurus and vocabulary control

Unit - V

Bibliographic formats – ISBD ISO 2709, MARC-21, UNIMARC and CCF.

- 1. Anglo American Cataloguing Rules. 2nd Edition Rev. New Delhi, Oxford, 1988
- 2. Barbara M Westby, Ed. Sears List of Subject Headings, New York, HW Wilson, 1977.
- 3. Berwick Sayers, W.C. Introduction to Library Classification. London, Andra dautch, 1950.
- 4. Byrne, Deborah J. MARC Manual: Understanding and Using MARC Record. Englewood, Libraries Unlimited, 1998.
- 5. Chernyi, AI. Introduction to Information Retrieval Theory. London, ASLIB, 1973.
- 6. Dhyani, Pushpa. Library Classification: Theory and Practice. New Deli: Vishwa Prakashan, 1998.
- 7. Fritz, Deborah A. Cataloguing with AACR2 and US-MARC Records. Chicago, ACA, 1998.
- 8. Jennifer, E. Rowledy. Organising Knowledge: An Introduction to Information Retrieval. Aldershot, Gower, 1987.
- 9. Krishan Kumar. Theory of Library Classification, ED.2, New Delhi, Vikas, 1980.

- Maxwell, Robert and Maxwell, Margaret F. Maxwell's handbook of AACR2R:
- 10 Explaining and illustrating the Anglo American Cataloguing Rules and the 1993 amendments. Chicago: ACA,1997.
- Kumar. PSG. Knowledge Organization, Information Processing and Retrieval Theory, Delhi: BR, 2003.
- Ramalingam, MS. Library Cataloguing and Classification Systems. Delhi: Kalpaz, 2000.
- 13 Ranganathan, SR. Headings and Canons. Madras, S. Vishwanathan, 1955.
- 14 Ranganathan, SR. Classified Catalogue Code. Madras, UBSPD, 1988.
- Ranganathan, SR. Colon Classification, 6th ed. Banalore: Sarada Ranganathan Endowment for Library Science, 1960.
- Ranganathan, SR. Library Catalogue: Fundamentals and Procedures, Madras, L.A, 1950.
- Ranganathan, SR. Prolegomena to Library Classification, Ed2, London, LA, 1957 & 1965.
- Ranganathan, SR, The Five Laws of Library Science. Bangalore: Sarada Ranganathan Endowment for Library Science, 1999.
- 19 Rijsbergen, CJ Van. Information Retrieval, 2nd ed., London, Butterworths, 1970.
- Sinha, Suresh C and Dhiman, Anil K. Prolegomena to Universe of Knowledge. New Delhi: Ess Ess, 2002.
- 21 Srivastava, A P. Theory of Knowledge Classification in Libraries. New Delhi, Sage, 1993.

Course – 1. 3 Information Sources

Objectives:

- 1. To introduce various information sources
- 2. To enable the students to acquaint themselves with the various sources
- 3. To enable the students to evaluate and use the resources

Unit-I

Types of Information sources – Documentary – Non documentary – characteristics – Scope and value. Primary and Secondary; Human sources of Information – Invisible colleges.

Unit –II

Ready Reference Sources –Types and value-Dictionaries, Encyclopedias, Annuals, Biographical sources, Handbooks and Manuals, Geographical sources.

Unit-III

Bibliographical sources – Bibliographies, list of serials; Union Catalogues; – Indexing and abstracting sources, news summaries.

Unit –IV

Internet as a Source of Information; Web Resources – Subject Gateways

Unit-V

Evaluation of Information sources – Print Reference sources and Web Resources

- 1. Alan Poulter, Gwyneth Tseng and Goff Sargent: The Library and Information Professional's Guide to the World Wide Web. London: Facet Publishing, 1999.
- 2. Bangalore, 2000.
- 3. G. G. Chowdhruy and Sudatta Chowdhury: Searching CD-ROM and Online Information Sources. London: Facet Publishing, 2001.
- 4. G. G. Chowdhury and Sudatta Chowdhury. Information Sources and Searching on the World Wide Web. London: Facet Publishing, 2001.
- 5. Gopinath, M.A: Information Sources and Communication Media. DRTC Annual Seminar, Bangalore-1984.
- 6. Grogan, Dennis: Science & Technology: An Introduction to Literature, London, Clive Bingley,1982.
- 7. Higgens, Gavin. Printed Reference Meterials. London: Library Association, 1980
- 8. Katz, W.A: Introduction to Reference Work, London, Butterworths, 2000, 2V.
- 9. Krishnakumar: Reference Service, Ed.3, New Delhi, Vikas, 2003.
- 10. Kumar (PSG). Ed. Indian Encyclopedia of Library & Information Science. New Delhi: S. Chand & Co., 2001.

- 11. Parker, C.C and Turley. R.V. Information sources in Science and Technology Ed.2 1986
- 12. Rao, I.K.R: Electronic Sources of Information, DRTC Annual Seminar, 2001
- 13. Sewasingh: Hand book of International Sources on Reference and Information New Delhi: Crest Publication, 2001.
- 14. Sharma,J.S & Grover, D.R : Reference Service and Sources of Information, New Delhi: EssEss, 1998.
- 15. Subramanayam, K: Scientific and Technical Information Resources, New Delhi: Anmol, 2001
- 16. Teague, S John: Microforms, Video and Electronic media Librarianship, London, Butterwoths, 1985.
- 17. Walford, A.J: Guide to Reference Materials, London, Library Association, 1990, 3V.
- 18. www.libraryspot.com
- 19. www.refdesk.com
- 20. www.infolibrarian.com

Course – 1.4 Management of Library and Information Centers

Objectives:

- 1. To know the concept of management and its evolution
- 2. To understand the various managerial operations of LICs
- 3. To apply the relevant management techniques in modern LICs

Unit - I

Management: Concept, Definition and scope – Schools of Management Thought – types; Systems Analysis and Design.

Unit-II

Planning and planning strategies: Concept – definition – need and steps in planning – MBO – Planning techniques – Decision making.

Unit-III

Human Resource Management: job description and job analysis – selection, recruitment, training and development; Leadership – Team – building – Motivation.

Unit-IV

Financial Management: Planning and Control – Resource generation. Budget and Budgeting – Budgetary control techniques – Cost Benefit, Cost Effective analysis and accounting.

Unit-V

Materials Management: Collection development and evaluation – Policy, Issues relating to selection acquisition; Library routines, Circulation, Mountainous Preservation and conservation.

- 1. Beardwell, Ian and Holden, Len. Ed. Human Resource Management: Contemporary Perspective. New Delhi: McMillan, 1996.
- 2. Bratton, John and Gold, Jeffery. Human Resource Management: Theory and Practice. Basingstoke: Mac Millan, 1994.
- 3. Brophy, Peter and Courling Kote. Quality Management for Information and Library Managers. Bombay: Jaico, 1997.
- 4. Bryson, J.O. Effective Library and Information Management. Bombay: Jaico, 1996.
- 5. Evans, Edward G. Ed. Management Information Systems. New Delhi: S. Chand & Co. 1986.
- 6. Katz, W.A. Collection Development Selection of Materials for Libraries. New York: HRW, 1980.
- 7. Krishna Kumar. Library Administration and Management. Delhi: Viaks, 1987.
- 8. Kumar P.S.G. Management of Library and Information Centres.Delhi: B. R. Publishing corporation, 2003.

- 9. Martino, R.L. Information Management: Dynamics of Management Information Systems. New York: McHill, 1969.
- 10. MerDick, Robert G. et.al. Information Systems for Modern Management. New Delhi: Prentice Hall, 1992.
- 11. Mittal, R.L. Library Administration: Theory and Practice. Ed. 4, New Delhi" Metropolitan, 1984.
- 12. Paliwal, P.K. Compendium of Library Administration. New Delhi: Ess Ess, 2000.
- 13. Paranjpe, Vivek. Strategic Human Resource Management. New Delhi: Allied, 1997.
- 14. Parker, Charles and Café, Thomas. Management Information Systems: Strategy and Action. New York: McGraw Hill, 1993.
- 15. Pearson, R.J. Ed. Management Process: Selection of Readings for Librarians. Chicago: ALA, 1983.
- 16. Prasher, R.G. Developing library collection. New Delhi: Medallion Press, 1993.
- 17. Ranganathan, S R. Library manual. 2nd ed. Bangalore : Sharada Ranganathan Endowment, 1988.
- 18. Ranganathan, S R. Library administration. Bombay: Asia, 1959.
- 19. Siwatch, Ajit Singh. Library Management: Leadership style strategies and organizational climate. New Delhi: Shree, 2004.
- 20. Stuert, Robert D. and Moran, Barbara B. Library and Information Center Management. Colorado: Libraries unlimited, 2004.

Course – 1.5 Information systems and Services (Theory)

Objectives:

To know the various information systems and their functioning.

To teach and train on the various Library and Information services in different library environments.

Unit-I

Information systems: Concept, purpose & types. Characteristics and Functions.

Unit -II

Reference and Documentation services; CAS, SDI .Alerting services: Newspaper clipping, Listserv, Blogs.

Unit-III

Global Information Systems: UNISIST, AGRIS, MEDLARS, VINIT, INIS.

Unit –IV

National Documentation Center and Networking; NISCAIR, NASSDOC, DESIDOC, Library Networks: INFLIBNET, DELNET.

Unit - V

Library Consortia-India; Current trends in scholarly communication: Open Access Movement

- 1. Atherton, P. Handbook of Information Systems and Services, 1977.
- 2. Burch, J.C. and Stretev, F.R. Information Systems: Theory and Practice, 1974.
- 3. Colin, H. Ed. Management Information Systems in Libraries and Information Services. London: Tayler Graham, 1989.
- 4. Guha, B. Information and Documentation. Calcutta: World Press, 1983.
- 5. Gupta, B.M. et.al. Handbook of Libraries, Archives, Information Centres in India. New Delhi, Aditya Prakashan, 1991. Related volumes.
- 6. Kochtanek, Thomas R. and Mathews, Joseph R. Library and Information Systems: From Library automation to distributed information access solutions. West port: Libraries unlimited, 2004.
- 7. Krishna Kumar. Reference Service. New Delhi: Vikas, 1977.
- 8. Lancaster, F.W. Towards Paperless Information System. New York: Academic Press, 1978.
- 9. Lucas, Amy, Ed. Encyclopedia of Information Systems and services. Detroit: Gale Research, 1989.
- 10. Medow, C.T. Analysis of Information Systems. New York: Wiley, 1967.

- 11. Murdick, Rober G. et.al Information systems for modern management. 3rd ed. New Delhi: Prentice-Hall, 1996.
- 12. Osborne, Larry N. and Nakamura, Margaret. System analysis for librarians and information professionals. 2nd ed. Engewook: Libraries unlimited, 2004.
- 13. Ranganathan, S.R. Reference Service.Bombay: Asia, 1967.
- 14. Vickery, B. Information Systems. London: Butterworths, 1987.
- 15. Wiseman, H.M. Information Systems, Services and Centres. New York: Becker and Hanyes, 1972.

Course - 1.6 Fundamentals of Information Technology

Objectives:

- 1. To know the basic concepts of Information technology
- 2. To train the students in applying Information technology in Libraries and information centers.
- 3. To understand the concepts of networking and web technology.

Unit -I

Information Technology: Concepts and Components of Information Technology – Computer and Communication Technologies, types of computers – CPU, Storage and I/O Devices, client-server architecture.

Unit -II

Data representation in Computers: Binary Number System, Character encode standards – ASCII, ISCII and UNICODE

Unit –III

Computer Software: System Software and Application Software; Programming Concepts: Open source and Commercial, Operating Systems: Windows & LINUX / UNIX.

Unit -IV

File organization: Types and Characteristics & Database Management.

Unit -V

Office Management: Word processing, Spreadsheet, Presentation Software. Database (MS-Access)

Practice:

Office Management: Word processing, Spreadsheet, Presentation Software. Database (MS-Access)

- 1. Arvind Kumar. Ed. Information Technology For All (2 Vols.) New Delhi, Anmol, 2006.
- 2. Bansal, S.K. Information Technology and Globalisation, New Delhi: A.P.H. Publishing corporation, 2005.
- 3. Basandra, S.K: Computers Today and Globalisation, New Delhi, Golgotia, 2002.
- 4. Deeson, Eric. Managing with Information Technology, Great Britan, Kogan page Ltd. 2000.
- 5. Forrester W.H. and Rowlands, J.L. The Online searcher's companion. London, Library Association, 2002.

- 6. Gupta, Vikas, Rapidix computer course, New Delhi, Pustak Mahal, 2005.
- 7. Hunter & Shelly: Computers and Common sense, New Delhi, Prentice-Hall, 2002.
- 8. Kashyap, M.M. Database Systems, New Delhi, Vikas, 2003.
- 9. Rowely, Jennifer: Information Systems, Ed.2, London, Clive Bingley, 2001.
- 10. Satyanarayana, R. Information Technology and its facets. Delhi, Manak 2005.
- 11. Sunders, R: Computers Today Ed.2, John Wiley, 2000.
- 12. Taxali Ravikant: PC software made easy, New Delhi, 2006.

Course - 1.7 Knowledge Organization - I: Classification Practice

Objective:

To make the students familiar in classification of subjects of library documents and assigning the call number using DDC & CC

Classification of Books and periodicals according to DDC (Available Edition) and CC.

Course – 1.8 Knowledge Organization Practice-II: Cataloguing

Objective:

To make familiar the students on indexing and cataloguing and data entry using CCC & AACR II Cataloguing of Documents: CCC and AACR-2.